## Math 160 K

## FIRST HOUR EXAM

NAME

## General Notes:

1. Show work.
2. Look over the test first, and then begin.
3. Calculators are permitted on this exam. Carry out any calculations to the point at which you would need a calculator and then punch in the numbers

Friday, Sept. 25, 2009
100 pts.
I. Some definitions ( 5 pts . each) Give brief definitions of the following:
a. Variable
b. Categorical variable
c. Quantitative variable
d. Median (of a distribution)

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e Boxplot
f. Density function (give a definition)

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## II. General questions

Several of the questions below refer to the following data set of exam scores:

$$
95 \text { / } 100 \text { / } 87 \text { / } 89 \text { / } 95 \text { / } 81 / 50
$$

a. (10 pts.) Following the technique given in the textbook, construct (by hand) a stem-and-leaf plot (stemplot) for the data set above
b.. (15 pts.) Using the techniques in the book, find the five number summary for this dataset by hand. Please do not use a calculator, and show your work.
c. (10) From your work on part (b), find the IQR and use it to show that the lowest score is an outlier (say why it is).
d. ( 15 pts .) Calculate the average and standard deviation for this dataset. It will be sufficient to leave your answer in the form of a final expression, so that all that needs to be done is to enter the numbers in the expression into a calculator. Writing down the formulas will be sufficient for some partial credit, but not full credit (by themselves).

## III. Distributions

b. (5 pts.) What is a normal distribution?
c. (5 pts.) What is the 68-95-99.7 rule for a normal distribution?
d. (5 pts.) (from example 1.27). The combined SAT scores is approximately normal with a mean of 1026 and standard deviation 209. Suppose a student has a combined SAT score of 1150 . What is the corresponding z -score?
e. (5 pts.) What does a z-score measure?

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