# Math 180 F

# FOURTH HOUR EXAM

NAME\_\_\_\_\_

General Notes:

- 1. Show work.
- Look over the test first, and then begin.
  Calculators are not permitted on this exam.

Friday, Dec. 4, 2009 100 pts

### I. Optimization

- 1. A field is to be fenced using 100' of fencing. Happily, a river with an unusually straight bank takes up one side of the field. Using the 100' feet of fencing to fence the remaining three sides of a rectangular field, we want to find the dimensions of the largest area that can be enclosed.
  - a. (5 pts.) Sketch a picture of the situation, labeling what you can.

b. (15 pts.) Find the dimensions of the largest rectangular field we can enclose under these conditions.

#### II. l'Hôpital's rule

1. (5 pts. each) Use l'Hôpital's rule to find the following limits. <u>Show your work</u>:

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x^2 - 3x + 1}{4x^2 - 17x + 15}$$

 $\lim_{x\to 0^+} x^x \text{ (problem 55)}$ 

III. Newton's Method

1. (10 pts.) Suppose that we want to solve the equation  $x^3 - x = 0$ . We use Newton's method with an initial guess of  $\frac{1}{2}$ . What is the next guess?

IV. Antiderivatives (5 pts each) Find the following antiderivatives. Remember the constant of integration!

$$\int (x^3 + 3x^2 - 7x + 1)dx$$

 $\int \sinh(x) dx$ 

 $\int e^x dx$ 

 $\int \cos(x) dx$ 

$$\int \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$$

## V. Summations

1. (10 pts.) Evaluate  $\sum_{k=1}^{10} (2k-1)$  to a number using the rules and formulae we have developed. Show your work.

### VI. The definite integral

1. (15 pts.) Give a careful definition of a Riemann Sum for a function f on an interval [a,b], explaining all the parts of your definition.

2. (10 pts.) Using your definition in part (1) give a definition of  $\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx$  for a function f(x) on an interval [a, b]