## Math 180 F

## FOURTH HOUR EXAM

NAME

General Notes:

1. Show work.
2. Look over the test first, and then begin.
3. Calculators are not permitted on this exam.

Friday, Dec. 4, 2009
100 pts
I. Optimization

1. A field is to be fenced using 100 of fencing. Happily, a river with an unusually straight bank takes up one side of the field. Using the 100 feet of fencing to fence the remaining three sides of a rectangular field, we want to find the dimensions of the largest area that can be enclosed.
a. (5 pts.) Sketch a picture of the situation, labeling what you can.
b. (15 pts.) Find the dimensions of the largest rectangular field we can enclose under these conditions.

## II. I'Hôpital's rule

1. (5 pts. each) Use l'Hôpital's rule to find the following limits. Show your work:

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 x^{2}-3 x+1}{4 x^{2}-17 x+15}
$$

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 0^{+}} x^{x}(\text { problem } 55)
$$

III. Newton's Method

1. (10 pts.) Suppose that we want to solve the equation $x^{3}-x=0$. We use Newton's method with an initial guess of $\frac{1}{2}$. What is the next guess?
IV. Antiderivatives (5 pts each) Find the following antiderivatives. Remember the constant of integration!

$$
\int\left(x^{3}+3 x^{2}-7 x+1\right) d x
$$

$\int \sinh (x) d x$
$\int e^{x} d x$

$$
\int \cos (x) d x
$$

$$
\int \frac{d x}{1+x^{2}}
$$

V. Summations

1. (10 pts.) Evaluate $\sum_{k=1}^{10}(2 k-1)$ to a number using the rules and formulae we have developed. Show your work.
VI. The definite integral
2. ( 15 pts.) Give a careful definition of a Riemann Sum for a function $f$ on an interval [a,b], explaining all the parts of your definition.
3. (10 pts.) Using your definition in part (1) give a definition of $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x$ for a function $f(x)$ on an interval [a, b]
