April 20

Name

Directions: Only write on one side of each page.

Do any (5) of the following

- 1. (20 points) Using any previous results, prove the uniqueness (but not the existence) portion of Proposition 4.3: Every segment has a unique midpoint.
- 2. (20 points) Using any previous results, prove Proposition 4.10: Hilbert's parallel postulate \iff if k is parallel to l, m is perpendicular to k, and n is perpendicular to l, then either m = k or m || l.
- 3. (20 points) Using any results through Chapter 4, prove the following: Hilbert's parallel property holds \iff if k, m, l are distinct lines, k is parallel to m, and m is parallel to l, then k is parallel to l.
- 4. (20 points) Using any results from neutral geometry, prove: Given parallel lines l and m. Given points A and B that lie on the opposite side of m from l; that is, if P is any point on l, A and P are on opposite sides of m and B and P are on opposite sides of m. Prove that A and B are on the same side of l.
- 5. (20 points) Using any results through Chapter 5, prove that Hilbert's parallel postulate implies Wallis' postulate. [Wallis' postulate is: Given any triangle $\triangle ABC$ and given any segment DE. There exists a triangle $\triangle DEF$ (having DE as one of its sides) that is similar to $\triangle ABC$.]
- 6. (20 points) Using any results through Chapter 6, prove the following in hyperbolic geometry. Let $\triangle ABC$ be any triangle and let L, M, and N be the midpoints of BC, AB, and AC, respectively. Use a proof by contradiction to prove that MN is **not** congruent to BL. [Hint: choose D so that M * N * D and $ND \cong MN$ and show various triangles thus formed are congruent.]